Program: Bachelor of Commerce (Economics)				Semester: III				
Course: Public Economics Academic Year: 2024-25 Batch: 2023-2027				Code:				
	Teachin	g Sche	eme			Evaluation Scheme		
Lectures	Practicals	Tuto	orials	Credits	Interna Assess (we	l Continuous sment (ICA) eightage)	Term End Examinations (TEE) (weightage)	
60	Nil	N	il	04		40%	60%	
				Internal C	component	t		
Class Tes	t			Projects / Assignments		Class Participation		
	20 marks			20 marks			-	
<ol> <li>Learning Objectives:         <ol> <li>Students will be able to comprehend the fundamental concepts and theories in public economics, including efficiency, market failure, public goods, externality, and taxation theory.</li> <li>Students will develop the ability to analyze and evaluate real-world economic issues related to public policy, such as tax incidence, deadweight loss, fairness, and efficiency.</li> <li>Students will apply economic principles, such as the Coase theorem and Pigouvian taxation, to propose solutions for addressing market failures and improving resource allocation in both theoretical and practical contexts.</li> <li>Students will critically evaluate Indian public finance systems, including taxation, expenditure, fiscal federalism, and budgetary reforms, and formulate policy recommendations based on economic principles and empirical evidence.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Learning Outcomes:         <ol> <li>Students will demonstrate an understanding of key concepts and theories in public goods, and tax incidence.</li> <li>Students will analyze economic issues related to public policy, such as deadweight loss and fairness, using economic models and principles to identify causes, consequences, and potential solutions.</li> <li>Students will apply economic tools, including the Coase theorem and Pigouvian taxation, to analyze and propose solutions for real-world problems.</li> <li>Students will apply economic tools, including the Coase theorem and Pigouvian taxation, to analyze and propose solutions for real-world problems.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Students will apply economic tools, including the Coase theorem and Pigouvian taxation, to analyze and propose solutions for real-world problems.</li> </ol>								

Module	Module Content	Module Wise Pedagogy Used	Modul e Wise Durati on	Module Wise Reference Books
Ι	Efficiency, Markets and Role of Government Market Efficiency and market failure: Efficiency in competitive markets, market failure, efficiency vs equity Government Intervention and public goods: role of government in market economies, public goods, free- rider problem, tragedy of the commons Externalities and government policy: Externality in production and consumption, Pigouvian taxes, subsidies, tradeable permits and command and control measures, Coase Theorem.	Class room lectures and problem solving	15	"Economics of the Public Sector" by Joseph E. Stiglitz (4 <sup>th</sup> edition) Chapter 3, 4, 5 and 6
Π	<ul> <li><u>Theory of Taxation</u></li> <li>Introduction to taxation: Desirable characteristics of the tax system, framework for choosing amongst tax systems (Utilitarian and Rawlsian social welfare function)</li> <li>Tax incidence: Ad- valorem vs specific taxes, effect of elasticity</li> <li>Taxation and Economic Efficiency: Effect of taxes borne by consumers (income and substitution effects), deadweight loss of taxation, effect of taxes borne by producers</li> <li>Optimal Taxation</li> <li>Reform of the tax system: fairness and efficiency, Horizontal and vertical equity in taxation.</li> </ul>	Class room lectures and problem solving	15	"Economics of the Public Sector" by Joseph E. Stiglitz (4 <sup>th</sup> edition) Chapter 17, 18, 19, 20, 25

III	<ul> <li><u>Theory of Public Expenditure</u></li> <li>Public Production of Goods and Services and Natural Monopoly</li> <li>Comparison in efficiency of public and private sectors, Sources of inefficiency in the public sector</li> <li>Public Mechanism for allocating resources: Problem of aggregating preferences, majority voting and the voting paradox, Arrow's impossibility theorem</li> <li>Evaluating Public Expenditure: Social Cost- Benefit Analysis</li> </ul>	Class room lectures and problem solving	15	"Economics of the Public Sector" by Joseph E. Stiglitz (4 <sup>th</sup> edition) Chapter 8, 9, 11
IV	Indian Public Finance Tax System: Sources of public receipts, Structure and Reforms Indian Public Expenditure, Budget Deficits, Public Debt and FRBM Act Union Budget of India Fiscal Federalism in India and 15 <sup>th</sup> Finance Commission, Critical Assessment of Centre- State Financial Relations in India	Class room lectures and problem solving	15	"Indian Economy- Its Development Experience" Misra and Puri(37 <sup>th</sup> edition), Chapters 50, 51, 53, 54.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. "Economics of the Public Sector" by Joseph E. Stiglitz (4th edition), W.W. Norton and Company, Inc.
- 2. "Public Finance in theory and practice" by Richard A. Musgrave and Peggy B. Musgrave (5<sup>th</sup> edition), McGraw Hill international editions
- 3. "Public Finance: A contemporary application of theory to policy" by David N. Hyman (10<sup>th</sup> edition), South Western Cengage Learning
- 4. "Intermediate Public Economics" by Jean Hindriks and Gareth D. Myles (2006), The MIT Press5. Union Budget
- 6. "Indian Economy- Its Development Experience" by Misra and Puri

Note: Latest edition of text book may be used.

**Evaluation Pattern** 

The performance of the learner will be evaluated in two components. The first component will be a Continuous Assessment with a weightage of 40% of total marks per course. The second component will be a Semester end Examination with a weightage of 60% of the total marks per course. The allocation of marks for the Continuous Assessment and Semester end Examinations is as shown below:

### a) Details of Continuous Assessment (CA)

40% of the total marks per course:

Continuous Assessment	Details	Marks
Component 1 (CA-1)	Class Test	20 marks
Component 2 (CA-2)	Assignment	20 marks

## b) Details of Semester End Examination

60% of the total marks per course. Duration of examination will be two and half hours.

Question Number	Description	Marks	Total Marks
Q1.	Answer any One out of Two (Module I)	12 x 1	12
Q2.	Answer any One out of Two (Module II)	12 x 1	12
Q3.	Answer any One out of Two (Module III)	12 x 1	12
Q4.	Answer any One out of Two (Module IV)	12 x 1	12
Q5.	(a) Case Study	6 x 1	6
	(b) Give economic reasons/ Explain the following statements	3 x 2	6
		<b>Total Marks</b>	60

Signature

HOD (Ms. Sneh Choithani) Signature

Approved by Principal (Dr. Parag Ajagaonkar)